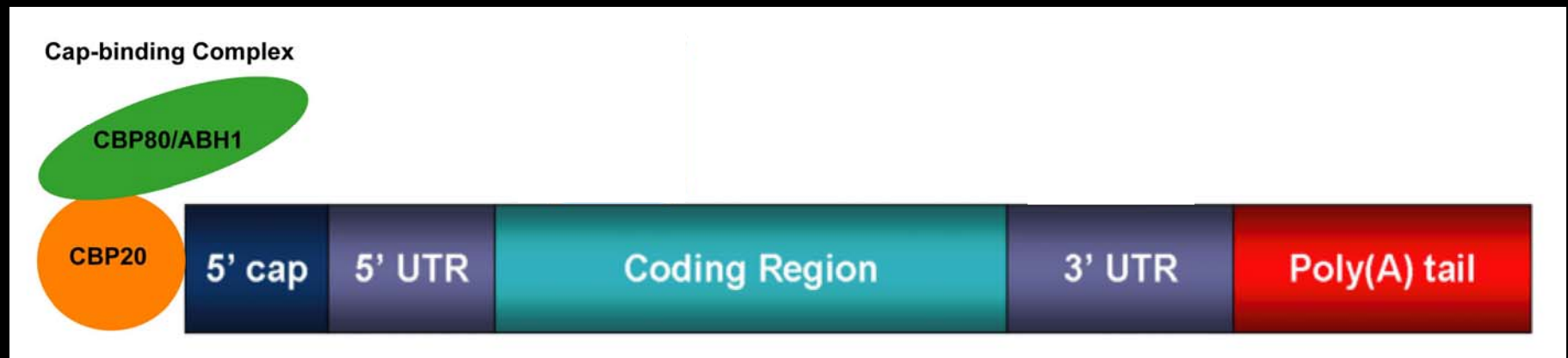


# **Utilizing Illumina high-throughput sequencing technology to gain insights into small RNA biogenesis and function**

**Brian D. Gregory  
Department of Biology  
Penn Genome Frontiers Institute  
University of Pennsylvania**



# The mRNA cap-binding complex



# Arabidopsis ABH1 is the large subunit of the CBC

- Eukaryotic nuclear RNA cap binding protein, CBP80.
- Nonessential for plant growth and development
- *abh1* mutant plants demonstrate ABA-hypersensitive inhibition of seed germination.
- Lesions in the *abh1* gene can also suppress *FRIGIDA*-mediated delayed flowering in *Arabidopsis*.
- Found mostly in the nucleus of *Arabidopsis* guard cells.



Data from Hugouvieux, V. *et al.* *Cell* 106: 477-87 and Hugouvieux, V. *et al.* *Plant Phys.* 130: 1276-87

## Phenotypes of *abh1-1* mutant plants

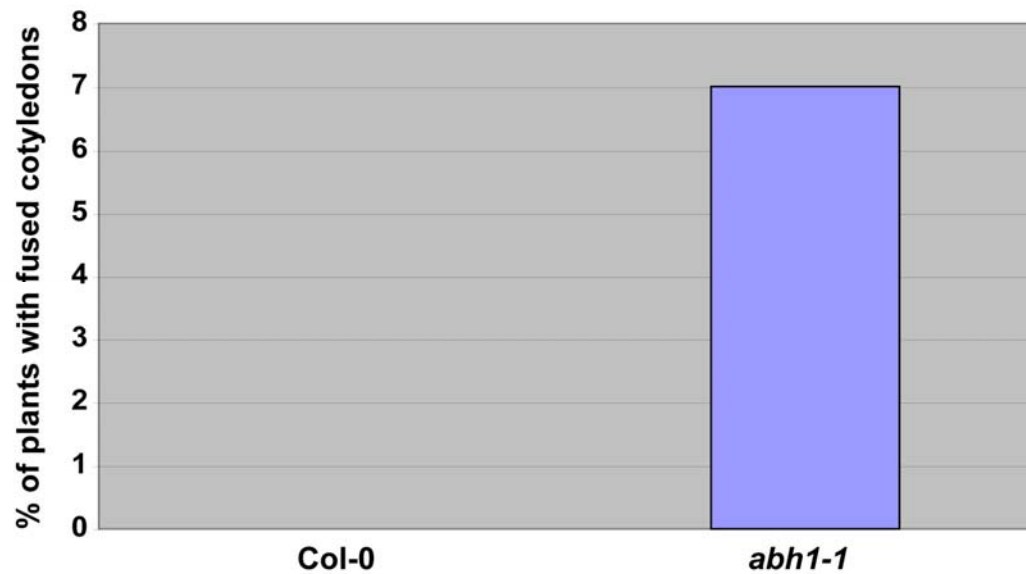
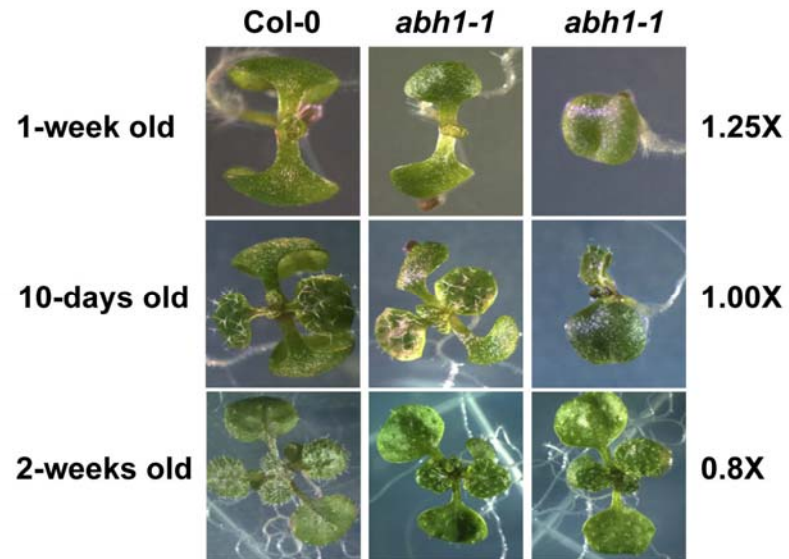
Col-0

*abh1-1*

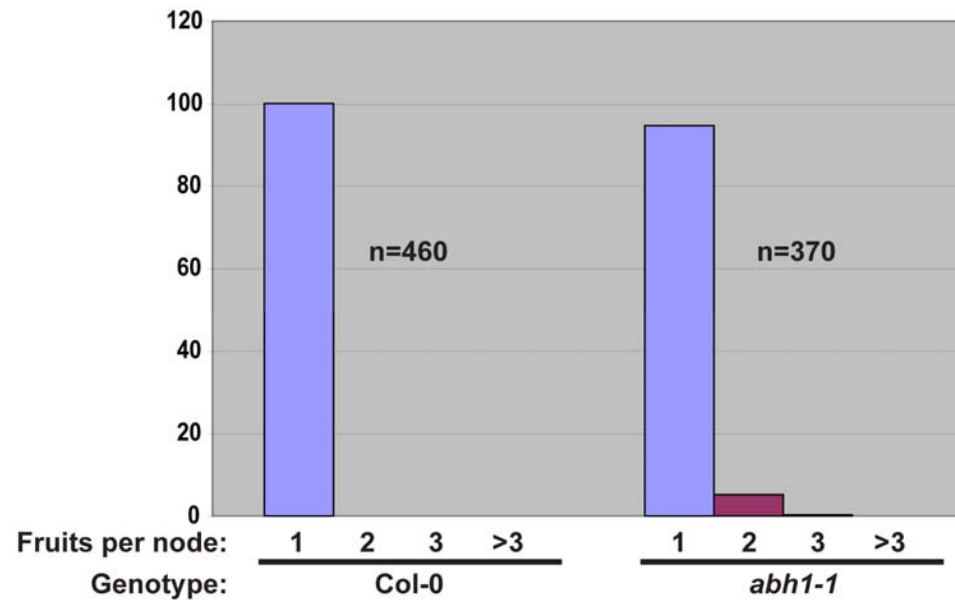
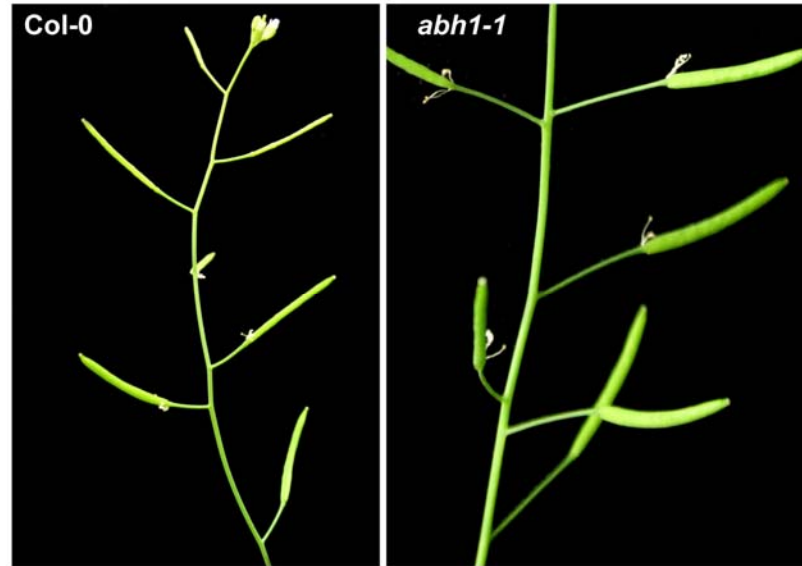


- *abh1* mutant plants demonstrate a serrated leaf edge phenotype.

# Phenotypes of *abh1-1* mutant plants



# Altered phyllotaxy in *abh1-1* mutant plants



**Developmental defects manifested in plants harboring a mutation in *SERRATE*, which encodes a protein recently demonstrated to be required for proper miRNA biogenesis**

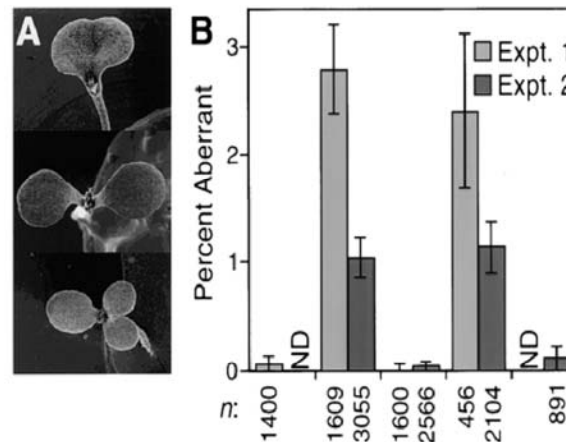
**Serrated Leaf Edges**



**Altered Phyllotaxy**



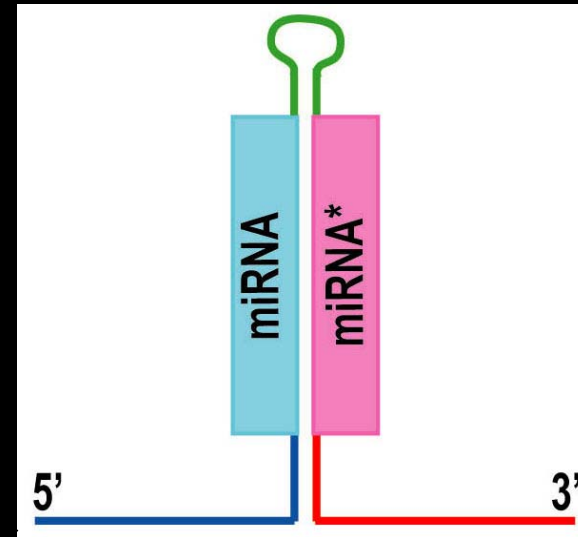
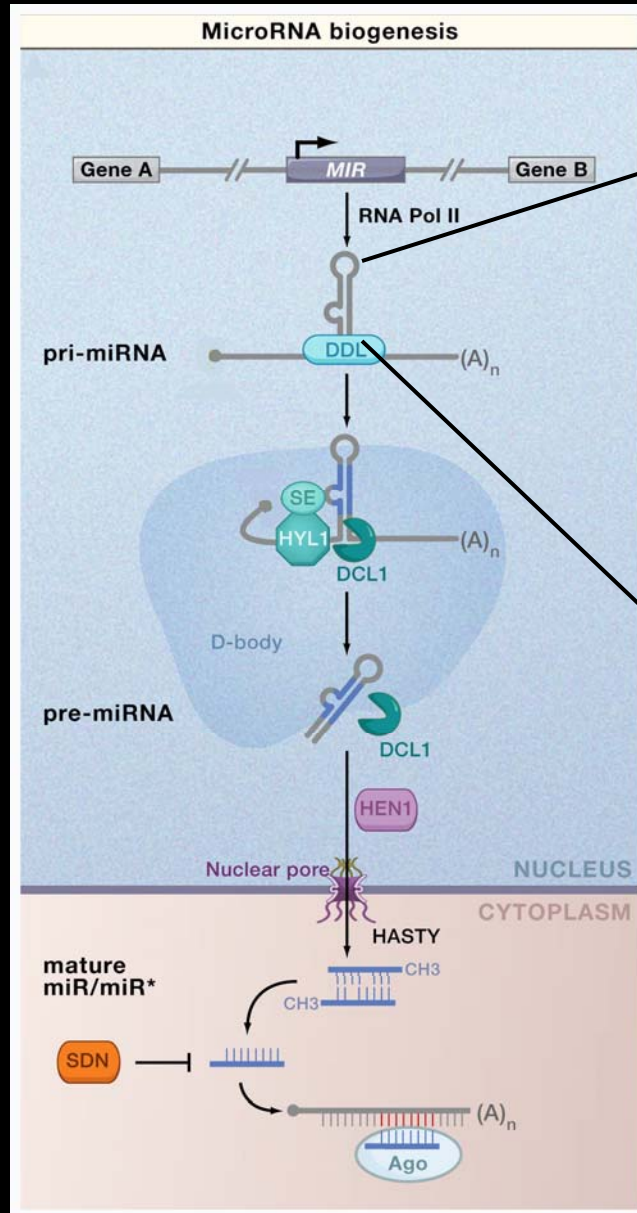
**Cotyledon Fusion**



Maternal genotype:	WT	se	se/SE	se	WT*
	X	X	X	X	X
Paternal genotype:	WT	se	se/SE	WT*	se

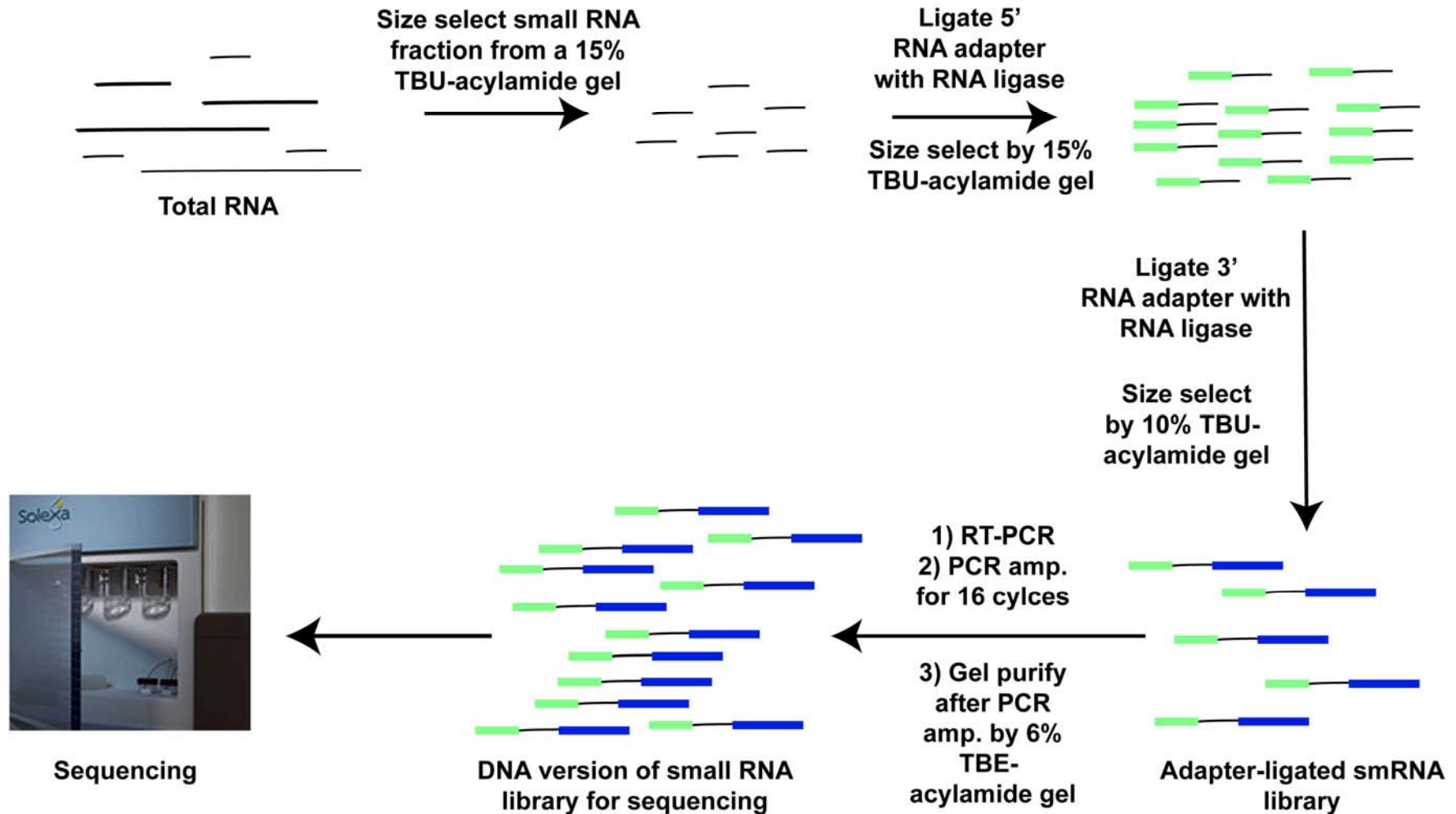
- Lesions in the *se* gene can suppress *FRIGIDA*-mediated delayed flowering in *Arabidopsis*.

# Model for RNA silencing by microRNAs (miRNAs)

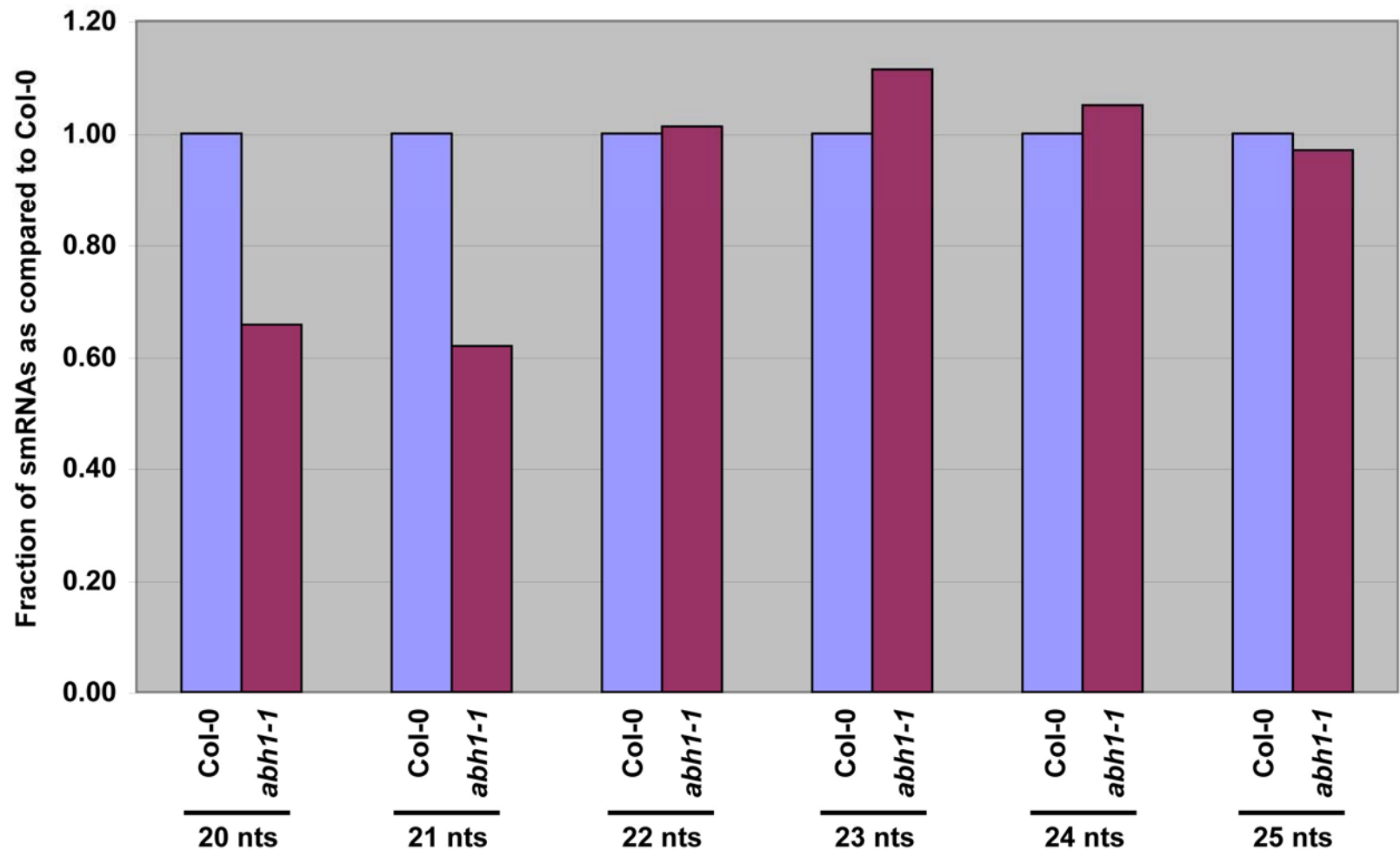


Modified from Voinnet, O. *Cell* 136: 669-687

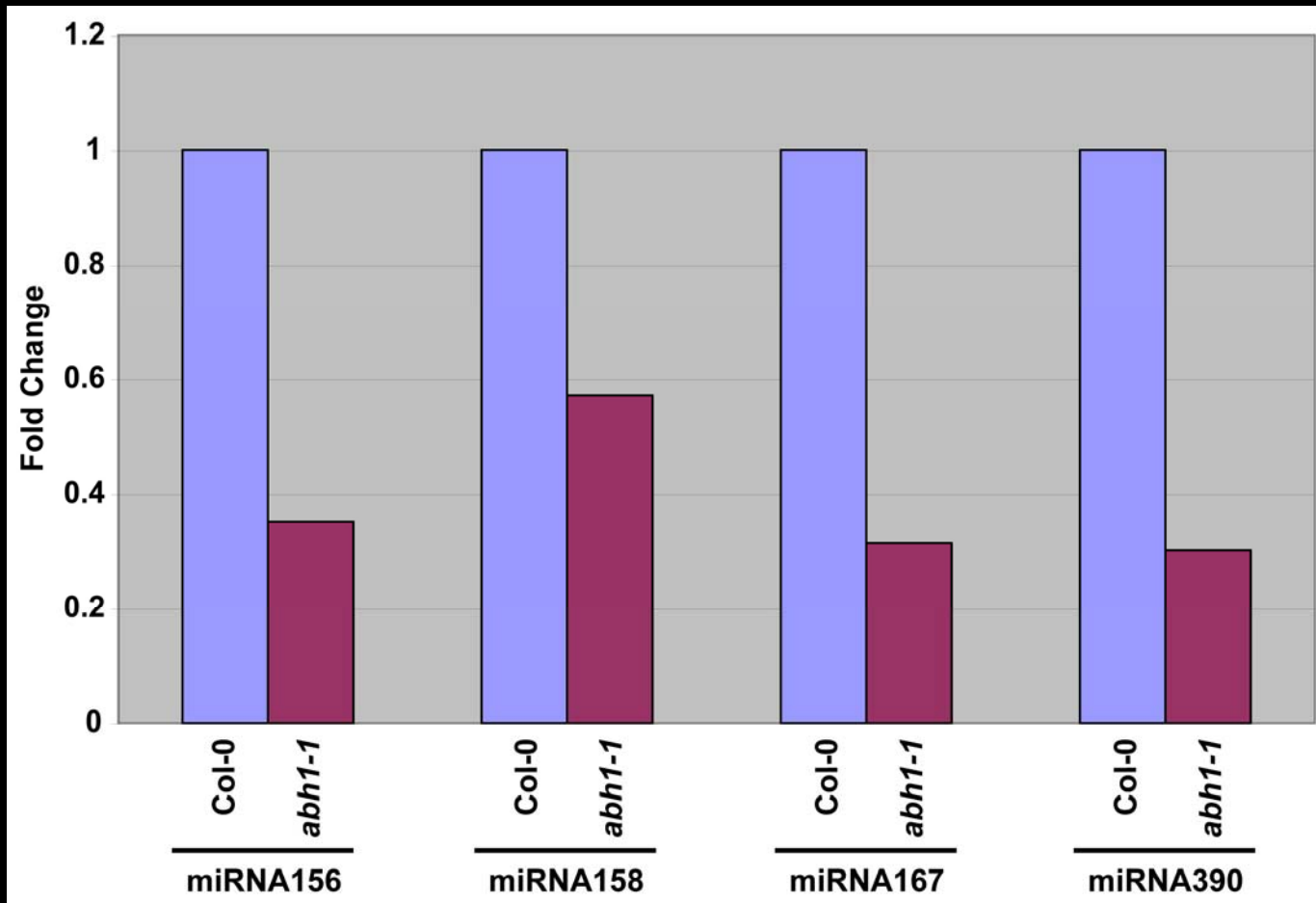
# High-throughput sequencing of the smRNA-component of the Arabidopsis transcriptome using an Illumina Genetic Analyzer II



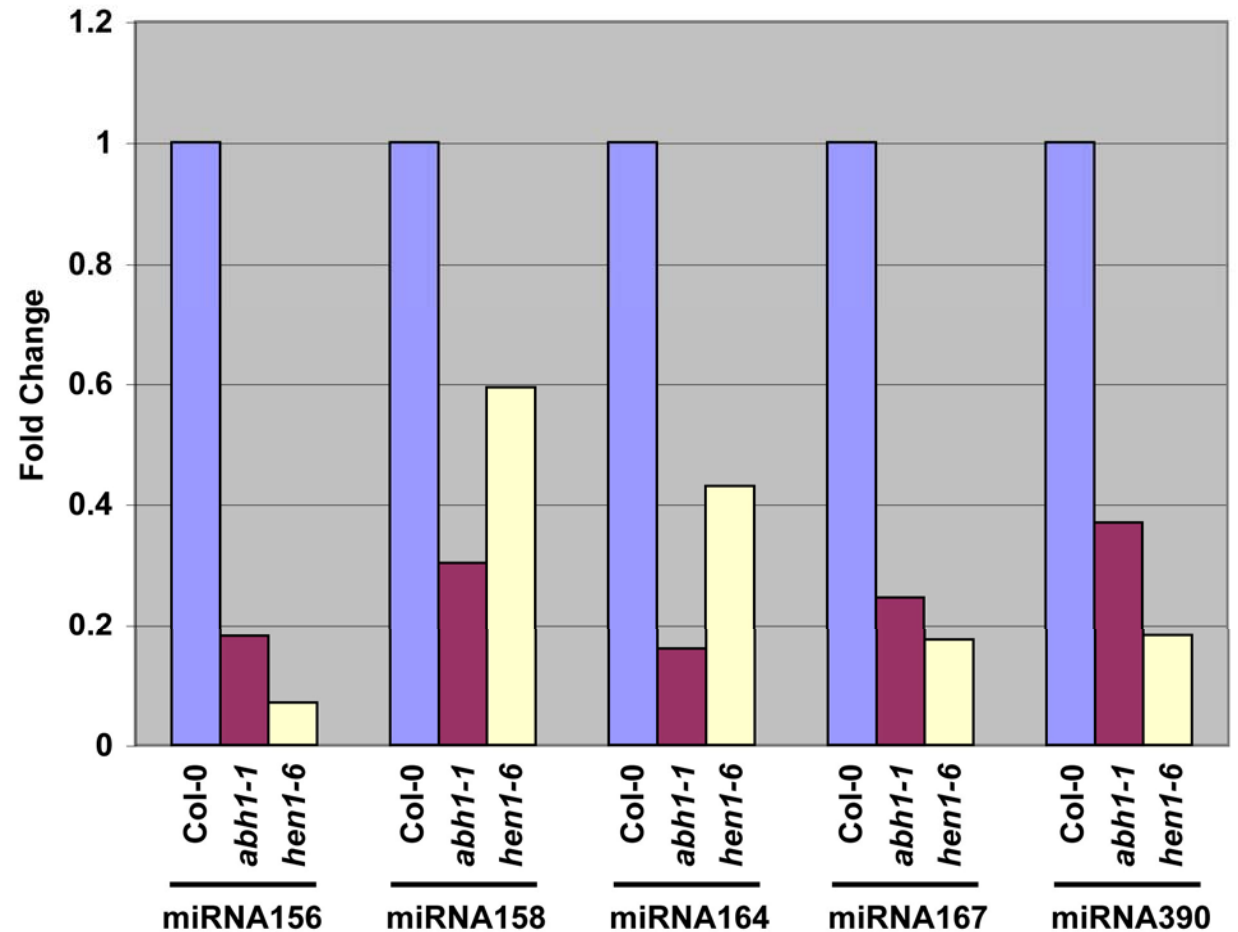
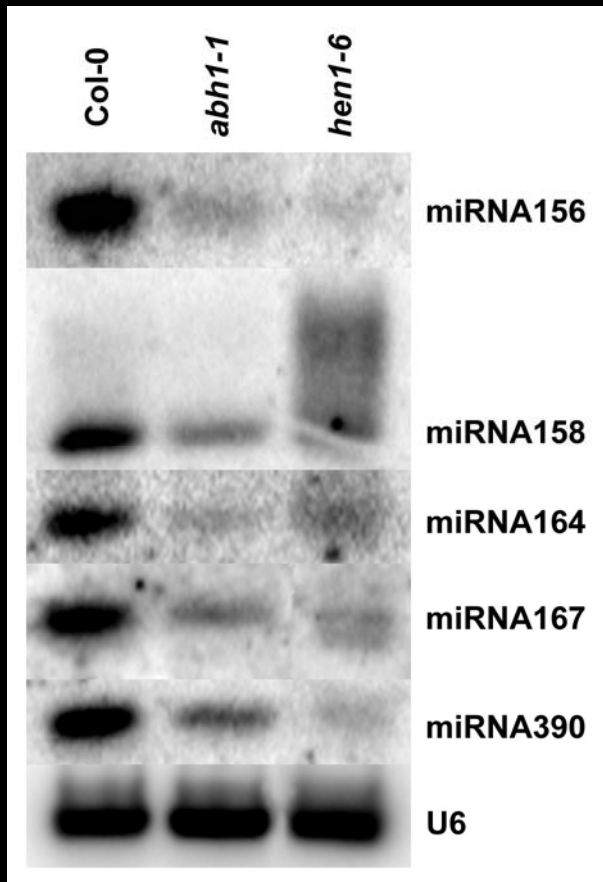
# High-throughput sequencing of the smRNA-component of the Arabidopsis transcriptome using an Illumina Genetic Analyzer II



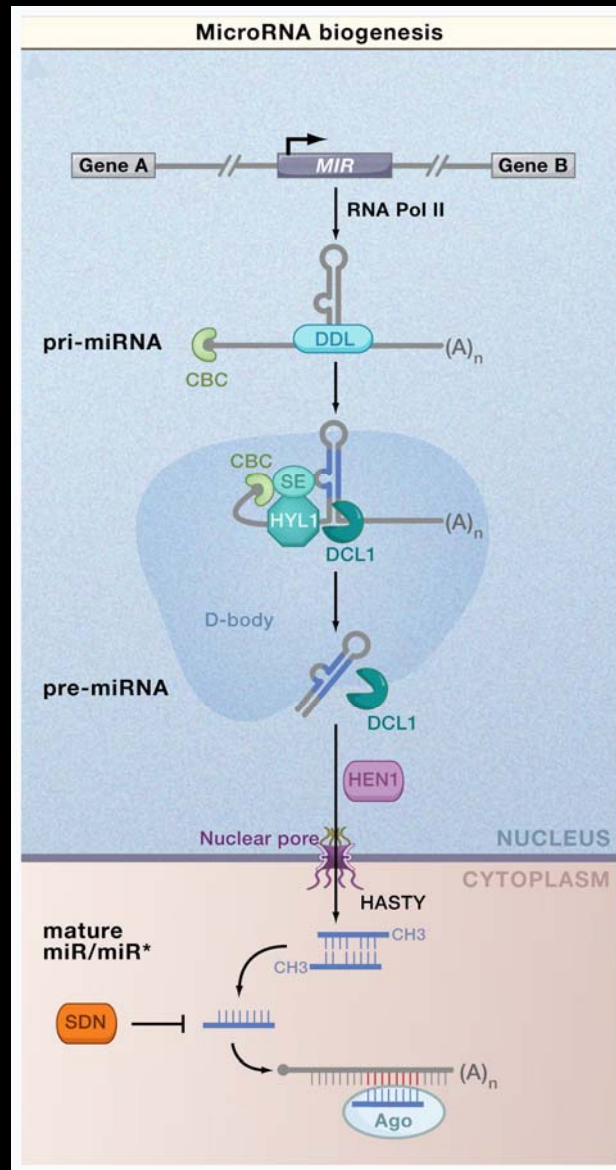
# ABH1 is required for proper mature miRNA levels



# ABH1 is required for proper mature miRNA levels



# Conclusions



From Voinnet, O. *Cell* 136: 669-687

- ABH1, the largest subunit of the cap-binding complex, is a component of the miRNA biogenesis pathway
- Northern blotting and high-throughput smRNA sequencing on an Illumina Genetic Analyzer II confirm mature miRNA levels are deficient in *abh1-1* mutant plants
- miRNA-directed cleavage is decreased in *abh1-1* mutant plants
- The *abh1-13* mutation can enhance the developmental defects of a hypomorphic allele of *AGO1* (*ago1-27*)
- Plants maintain a cache of miRNAs far greater than what is required for basic growth, development, maturation, and reproduction
- As evidenced by the mostly normal development of *abh1-1* and *abh1-13* plants which contain significantly diminished miRNA populations.
- Furthermore, the decreased miRNA levels in *abh1-1* plants does not significantly affect the overall levels of mRNAs targeted by miRNAs for down-regulation

**A forward genetic screen to identify  
novel components and regulators of  
RNA silencing pathways**

# A screen for extragenic enhancer mutants of *abh1-8* plants

---

## Annotated Gene Function

HDAC

PHP domain-containing  
protein

CLAVATA1-related receptor  
kinase-like protein

B3 Transcription Factor

Methyltransferase

F-box protein

WRKY Transcription Factor

SWAP Domain RNA Binding  
Protein

**Lsm Domain RNA Binding  
Protein (EAL1)**

---

# *eal1* an extragenic enhancer mutant of *abh1-8* plants

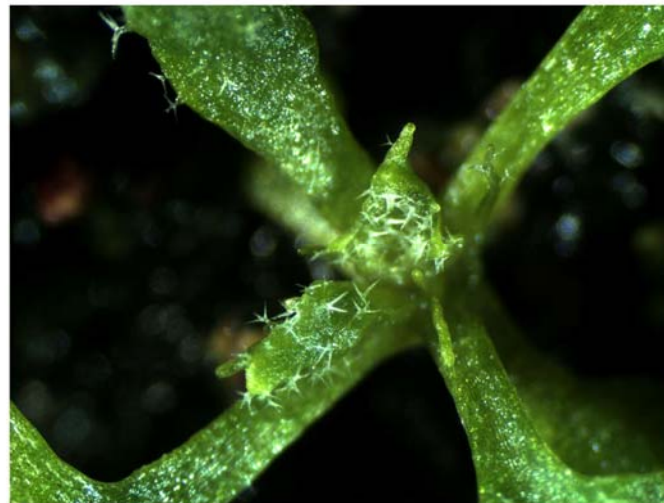
*abh1-8*



*eal1-2*



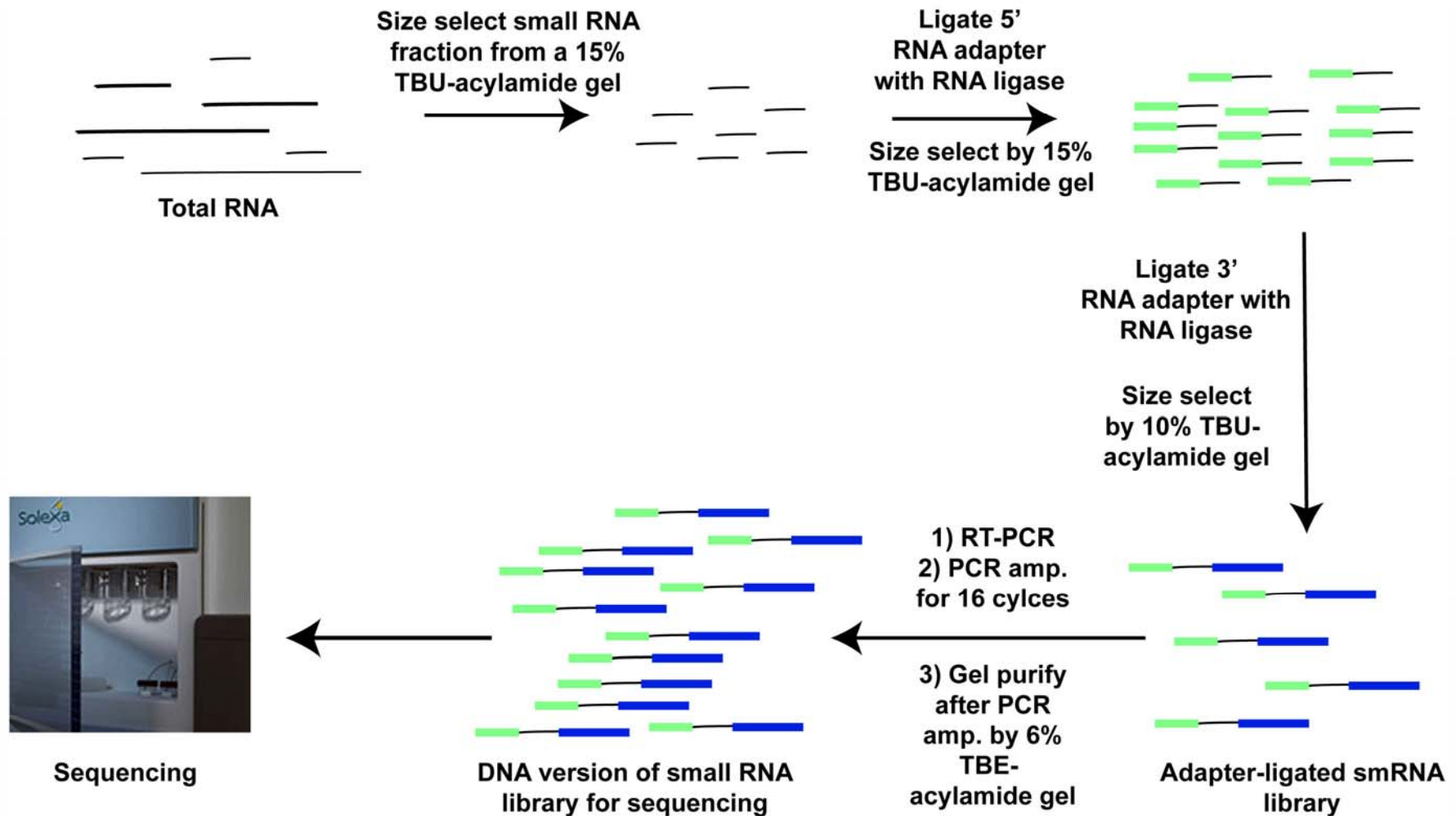
*abh1-8 eal1-1*



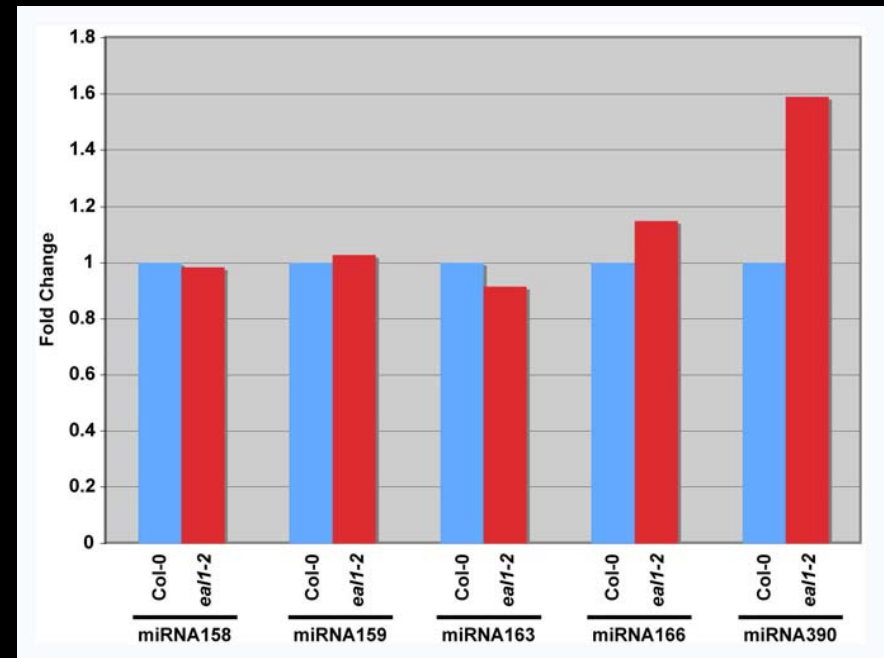
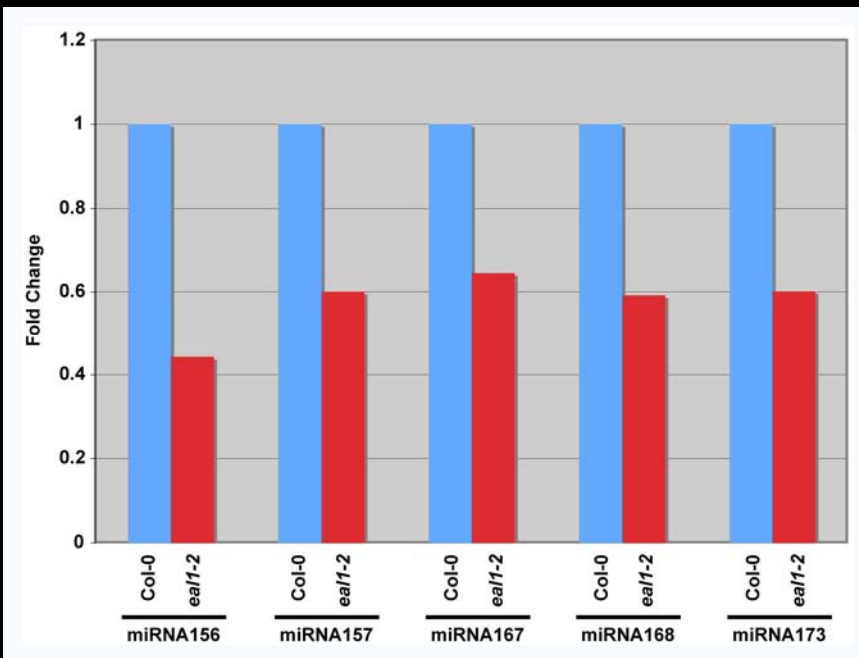
***abh1-8* extragenic enhancer *eal1* has similar leaf phenotypes as *abh1* mutant plants**



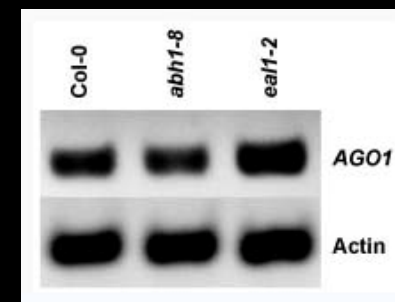
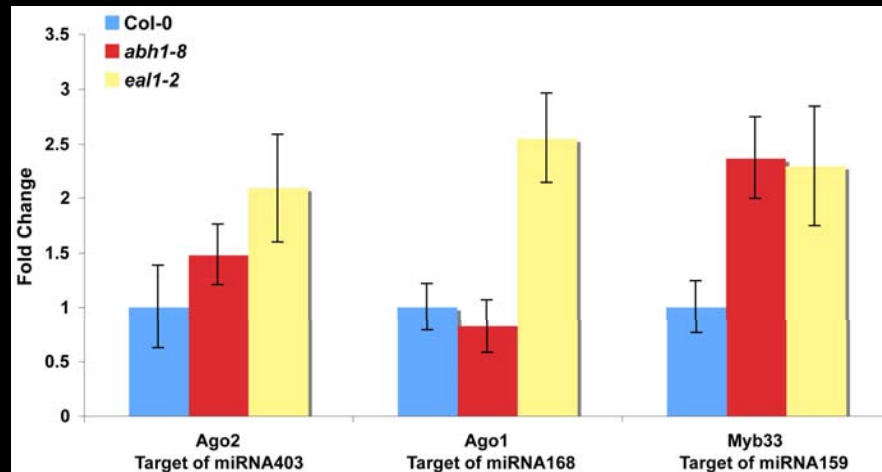
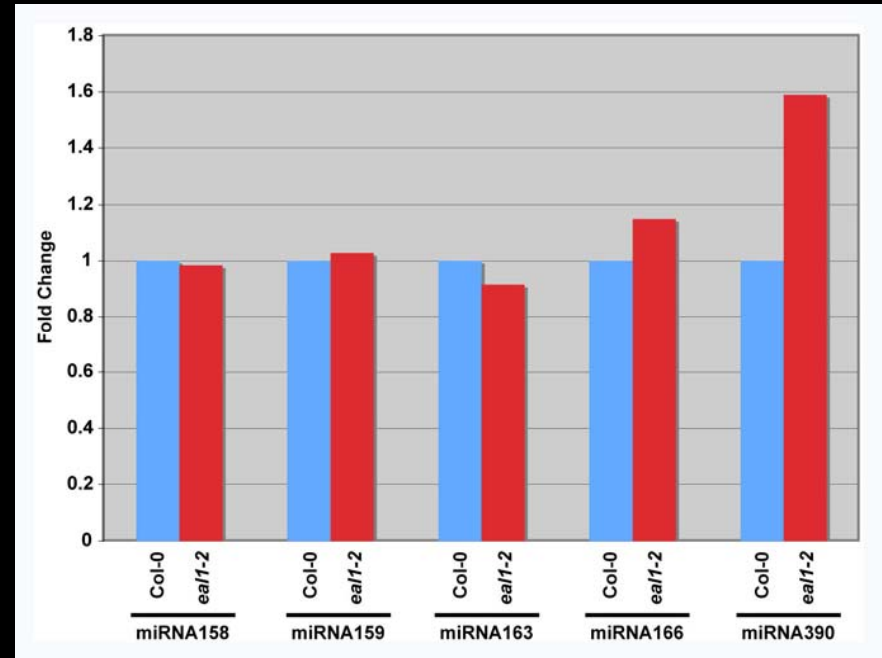
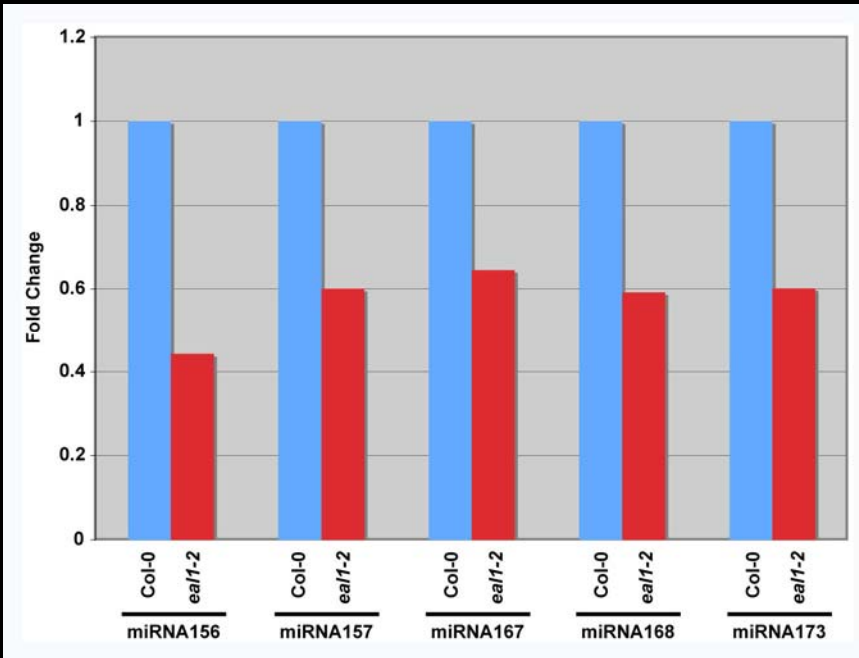
# High-throughput sequencing of the smRNA-component of the Arabidopsis transcriptome using an Illumina Genetic Analyzer II



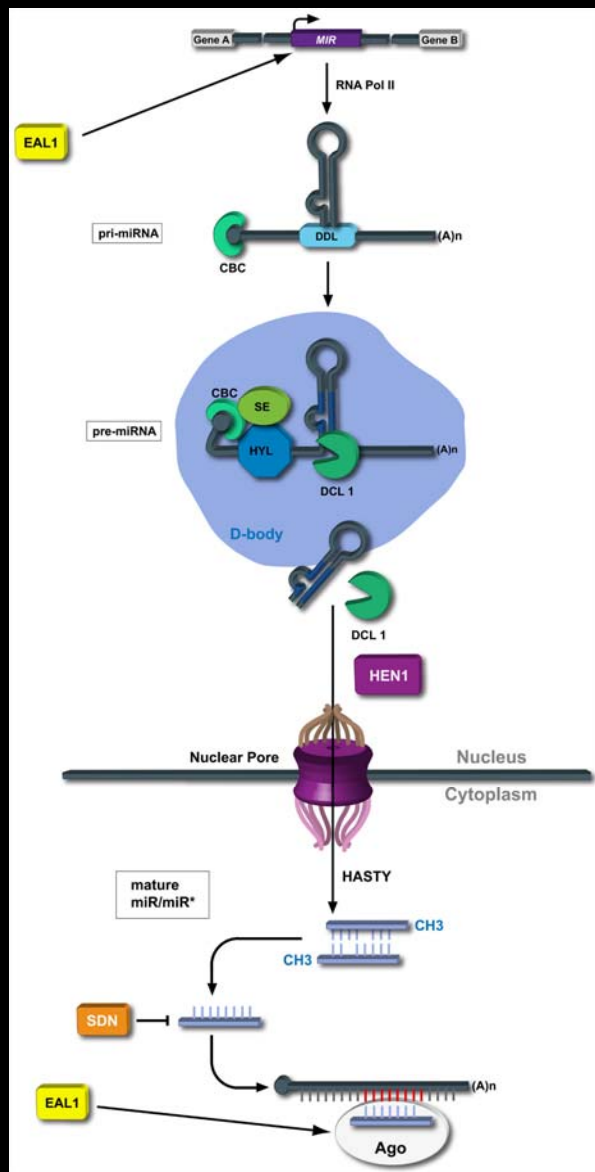
# High-throughput sequencing of the smRNAome suggests EAL1 is required for the proper accumulation of specific mature miRNAs



# Loss of EAL1 function results in upregulation of numerous miRNA-target mRNAs



# The functions of EAL1 in the miRNA-mediated RNA silencing pathway



- EAL1 is a novel component of the miRNA-mediated RNA silencing pathway that affects the functional silencing of a number of miRNA target mRNAs and the levels of specific mature miRNAs

- *ea1-2* mutant plants are hypersensitive to the plant hormone ABA just like *abh1* mutant plants

- High-throughput smRNA sequencing demonstrates specific mature miRNA levels are deficient in *ea1-2* mutant plants

- The primary transcript levels of the miRNAs deficient in *ea1-2* mutant plants are also decreased in this genetic background

- Numerous miRNA target mRNAs are upregulated in *ea1-2* mutant plants, even those that are not silenced by miRNA's whose levels are dependent on EAL1 function

- The ABA hypersensitive phenotype of *ea1-2* mutant plants is likely due to the upregulation of MYB33 and 101, which are targeted by miRNA159 a miRNA that does not require EAL1 function for its proper accumulation



# Acknowledgements

## Gregory Lab

Matt Endres  
Isabelle Dragomir  
Ross Weber  
Rebecca Cook  
Sandeep Jain

## Ecker Lab

Joseph Ecker  
Mark Urich  
Junshi Yazaki  
Hiroshi Shiba  
Elizabeth Colangelo  
Katherine Chang  
Hong Qiao  
Ryan Lister  
Ronan O'Malley  
Huaming Chen  
Hiroshi Shiba  
Angie Garcia  
Megan Hatlen  
Cristina Farkas  
Anna Sloman

## Funding

Penn Genome Frontiers Institute  
Pennsylvania Department of Health  
University of Pennsylvania