

# Merging Gene Expression and Methylation Data

Gene expression profiling data can be integrated with DNA methylation data in BeadStudio, providing researchers a powerful approach to studying gene expression regulation.

## Introduction

DNA methylation plays an essential role in the regulation of gene expression during development and differentiation, and in diseases such as multiple sclerosis, diabetes, schizophrenia, and cancer. Understanding the nature of complex gene regulation in cells will be greatly facilitated by the ability to assess epigenetic information for a large number of genes across the entire genome. More widespread analyses should also shed light on the epigenetic mechanism of interactions between cells and the environment.

Illumina offers a broad portfolio of products for gene expression profiling and methylation analysis. The BeadStudio analysis software is designed to facilitate an integrated data analysis, allowing users to combine data from methylation and gene expression products. The Illumina BeadStudio Methylation (M) Module is a powerful software tool to analyze data produced using Illumina Methylation analysis products. Gene expression (GX) data can also be imported into the M Module, thus enabling side-by-side comparison of methylation and transcript levels in a given sample.

## Integrated Data Exploration

When gene expression data are successfully imported into the Methylation Module, a new combined table is created that displays both the AVG\_Beta methylation values and AVG\_Signal expression values for a given sample (Figure 1). In addition, new columns are created to display statistical information that aid in the interpretation of the combined dataset. These column headings are described in Table 1.

Sorting the Combined Methylation and Gene Expression Analysis Table based on these columns can quickly identify genes that have high correlations (or anti-correlations) between methylation and expression levels. These can be viewed graphically as a line plot (Figure 2) or scatterplot (Figure 3) by using the respective functions in BeadStudio. Click the button on the icon bar for a lineplot or the button for a scatterplot.

## Merging Gene Expression and Methylation Data

It is possible to merge any methylation data set with any gene expression data set using BeadStudio. Two files—a GX Data Table and a Gene Lookup Table—are required. Both of these files must be tab-delimited and saved as a plain-text file format (\*.txt). All fields and matches are case insensitive.

## GX Data Table

This file contains the GX intensity values to import into the Methylation Module (Figure 4).

Figure 1: Example of a Combined Gene Expression and Methylation Table

TargetID	R_Pearson	R2	Rs_Spearman	AVG_Beta	AVG_Signal
MLF1_E243_F	-0.9927	0.9954	-0.9657	0.16411	25121
MLF1_P97_F	-0.9568	0.9155	-0.7033	0.17984	25171
MLH1_P301_F	-0.7052	0.4972	-0.6333	0.01492	11365
MLT3_E93_R	-0.8871	0.7869	-0.3667	0.95143	368
MLT4_F1400_F	-0.5198	0.2702	-0.3667	0.05385	10760
MLT6_P957_F	0.4020	0.1616	0.2567	0.09348	2920
MMP1_P397_R	-0.2376	0.0565	-0.4500	0.08386	2056
MMP1_P460_F	-0.2499	0.0625	-0.6000	0.12077	2056
MMP10_E136_R	0.5026	0.2526	0.1833	0.04322	949
MMP14_E11_F	-0.0880	0.0091	-0.1906	0.06800	2454

A screenshot showing a combined GX/Methylation Table in the BeadStudio M Module.

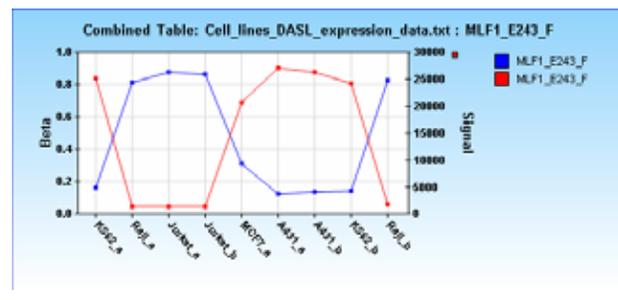
## Gene LookUp Table

This file contains the cross-mapping information between the GX and Methylation probes (Figure 5).

## Maintaining Data Tables When Using Microsoft Excel

The best method for creating or editing these data table files is by using Microsoft Excel, and saving the table as a Text (Tab delimited) (\*.txt) file. An essential caveat is that tab-delimited tables exported from BeadStudio must be imported into Excel in a specific manner to prevent corruption.

Figure 2: Line Plot of Combined Table



A line plot of MLF1 gene expression (red) signal intensity and methylation beta (blue) across several cell lines. Methylation and gene expression levels are inversely correlated for this gene.



Figure 4: Example of a GX Data Table

	A	B	C
1	TargetID	K562_a.AVG_SIGNAL	Jurkat_a.AVG_SIGNAL
2	15E1.2	252.3533	176.8368
3	2'-PDE	269.7352	158.4017
4	76P	241.8085	220.6028
5	7A5	-3.841293	-3.284624
6	A1BG	-1.7452	4.899265
7	A2BP1	1.327652	4.203279
8	A2BP1	1.327652	4.203279
9	A2M	-5.313865	-3.323264
10	A2ML1	5.831338	2.402984
11	A3GALT2	8.342595	8.21016
12	A4GALT	114.346	112.329
13	A4GNT	7.393178	17.53191
14	AAA1	4.518675	9.116126
15	AAAS	107.7798	320.9568
16	AACS	385.1862	228.6798
17	AACSL	12.00363	4.446897
18	AADAC	4.736413	0.9942682
19	AADACL1	229.8904	412.8228
20	AADACL2	-1.915843	-2.923774

Part of a GX data table file is displayed in Excel. Row 1 contains the column header names. GX TargetID values are listed in Column A, and Columns B and C list the associated gene expression AVG\_SIGNAL values for two different samples.

values in this column correspond to the TargetID column in the GX data table. Column 2 should be named METHYLATION, and fields in this column correspond to the SYMBOL column in the methylation project.

- Each value in the GENEEXPRESSION column must be unique.
- METHYLATION column values should be unique. If there are more than one GX probe for one methylation symbol, a single GX probe should be chosen to include in the lookup table.
- Extra fields in the GENEEXPRESSION column that do not correspond to a field in the TargetID of the GX data table are allowed, but are ignored by BeadStudio.
- Extra fields in the METHYLATION column that do not correspond to symbols in the methylation project are allowed, but are ignored by BeadStudio.

### Creating a Lookup Table

The latest human whole genome expression arrays have a TargetID in the form of a gene symbol. When a lookup table is created for combining this type of whole genome GX data set and a custom methylation data set, the values in both columns of the lookup table are identical (Figure 5). Even though the entries are the same, a lookup file is still required. To create such a lookup table:

1. Export all the gene symbols from a methylation project.
2. Remove duplicate entries from the gene symbol list using Excel.

3. Rename the column header METHYLATION.
4. Duplicate the METHYLATION column in column B.
5. Rename Column A to form the GENEEXPRESSION column.

When the GX data file TargetIDs are not in the same format as the Symbols in the Methylation project, the two columns in the lookup table will be different. In this case, users must determine which GX TargetID values correspond to which symbols in the methylation project. Each pair of corresponding TargetID and Symbol should be listed in adjacent cells in a single row of the table.

### Summary

Illumina offers a broad portfolio of tools for genetic analysis, including gene expression and DNA methylation profiling. BeadStudio analysis software provides powerful methods for analysis and interpretation of results derived from Illumina products. Moreover, BeadStudio enables the integrated analysis of methylation and gene expression profiling by supporting the combination of data from separate assay products. As described in this technical note, this combination requires minimal data handling and preparation by researchers. This integrative approach provides a robust and powerful method to examine whole-genome gene expression, regulation, and epigenetics.

### Additional Information

Visit our website or contact us at the address below to learn more about Illumina DNA Methylation and RNA Analysis Solutions.

Figure 5: Example of a Lookup Table

	A	B
1	GENEEXPRESSION	METHYLATION
2	AATK	AATK
3	ABCA1	ABCA1
4	ABCB1	ABCB1
5	ABCB4	ABCB4
6	ABCC2	ABCC2
7	ABCC5	ABCC5
8	ABCG2	ABCG2
9	ABL1	ABL1
10	ABL2	ABL2
11	ABO	ABO
12	ACTG2	ACTG2
13	ACVR1	ACVR1
14	ACVR1B	ACVR1B
15	ACVR1C	ACVR1C
16	ACVR2B	ACVR2B
17	ADAMTS12	ADAMTS12
18	ADCYAP1	ADCYAP1
19	AFF3	AFF3
20	AFP	AFP
21	AGTR1	AGTR1

A lookup table file is displayed in Excel. Row 1 contains the column header names. GX TargetID values are listed in Column A, and Column B lists the associated Methylation project symbol values.